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BRIDGEPORT CHRONICLE-UNION.

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CHRONICLE-UNION.

ALEX. C. FOLGER. ROBT. M. FOLGER.

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STEAM, MUD AND SWIMMING BATHS
The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.
Good Fishing in Walker River.
Commodious Stabling. my22-tf

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The hotel is new, commodious and pleasantly situated.
The table is supplied with the best the market affords.
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INDIA'S INFINITE VARIETY.

Her Society and Her Scenery Complex and Varied as a Tangle.

The grand difficulty of talking to an Englishman about India is that he always forms a picture of the place in his mind. It may be accurate or inaccurate, but it is always a picture. He thinks of it either as a green delta, or a series of sunbaked plains, or a wild region, with jungle and river and farms all intermixed, or a vast park stretched out by nature for sportsmen, and sloping somehow at the edges toward highly cultivated plains, says the London Spectator. It never occurs to him that as regards external aspect there is no India, that the peninsula, so-called, is as large as Europe west of the Vistula, and presents as many variations of scenery. East Anglia is not so different from Italy as the northwest provinces from Bengal, nor are the Landes so unlike Normandy as the Punjab is unlike the hunting districts of Madras. There is every scene in India, from the eternal snow of the Himalayes, as much above Mount Blanc as Mount Blanc is above Geneva, to the rice swamps of Bengal, all buried in fruit trees; from the wonderful valleys of the Vindhya, where beauty and fertility seem to struggle consciously for the favor of man, to the God-forgotten salt marshes by the Runn of Cutch.

It is the same with indigenous Indian society. The Englishman thinks of it as an innumerable crowd of timid peasants, easily taxed and governed by a few officials, or as a population full of luxurious princes, with difficulty restrained by scientific force and careful division from eating up each other. In reality, Indian society is more complex and varied than in Europe, comprising, it is true, a huge mass of peasant proprietors, but yet full of princes who are potentates and princes who are survivals of landlords, who are in all respects great nobles and landlords, who are only squireens of great ecclesiastics and hungry curates, of merchants like the Barings and merchants who keep shops, or professors and professionals, of adventurers and criminals, of cities full of artificers, and of savages far below the dark citizens of Hawaii.

THE NIGHT CLERK.

Very Useful If He Doesn't Wear Many Diamonds.

There is one individual about a hotel who is seldom seen by the outside public, but who occupies one of the most responsible positions in every hostlery. It is the night clerk.

His duties, says the Washington Star, are, of course, not as arduous as the day or room clerds, but they are very responsible. The house is filled with sleeping people and he maintains over all those precious lives an indirect and important supervision. He looks after the watchman closely to see that the halls are properly patroled and a sharp lookout kept for fires. At the disastrous Hotel Royal fire in New York it will be remembered that it was alleged that the great loss of life there resulting was mainly due to the fact that the night clerk was at the time the fire broke out either asleep or improperly attending to his duties, as the flames gained such tremendous headway before any effort was made to arouse the guests.

The night clerk witnesses many strange and interesting scenes and incidents, and could many an interesting tale unfold if he chose.

ROPES OF PEARLS.

They Are Now Worn by Rich Men's Wives and Daughters.

When D'Israeli, in "Lothair," mentioned Corisande's "ropes of pearls," the idea seemed rather barbaric in its splendor and merely an outburst of the Oriental imagination of the writer. Now, however, many society women own these splendid long strings, each separate pearl of which may be worth from $500 to $1,000. These sumptuous chains are from a yard to a yard and a half in circumference, and are worn wornd once around the throat, with the rest of the rope hanging loosely over the corsage to the waist.

Diamonds, too, are also worn in this gorgeous, reckless-looking fashion, the modern "riviere," which just encircled the throat, and which used to be thought so magnificent, being quite superseded by the long, glittering, scintillating chain which "Milady" winds once or twice around her throat, and then leaves hanging in careless, rich-looking fashion loosely over the front of her dress.

FOUND IN THE SHOPS.

NEW handkerchiefs are of chiffon, and are embroidered in fine and delicate designs.

STAINED-GLASS screens mounted in brass or wrought iron make the most beautiful of fire screens, their rich colors being glowingly brought out by the dancing flames.

A NEW imported linen is being shown in the art shops which closely resembles dimity, with the exception that the cord is heavier. It is only sold in pieces stamped for working.

SQUARES and circles of white silk edged with a frill of oriental lace make pretty mats for small polished tables. The silk centers should be lined, and an interlining of white cotaline gives a desirable stiffening.

UMBRELLAS and parasols are now fitted with clasps to hold the ribs close, instead of the silk or elastic bands formerly used. The handsome ones the clasps are of silver or gold and add a distinctive touch of elegance.

A TEXAS POOH-BAH.

He Came from Kentucky and Has the Business of the Town.

"Some time ago," remarked a lawyer to a Louisville Courier-Journal writer, "I had occasion to visit Texas. I stopped at a little town one Saturday, about noon, intending to remain there until Monday morning.

"The proprietor of the hotel was a gray-haired fellow, well preserved, and apparently full of energy. I was consequently not very greatly surprised when he informed me that he was also a lawyer. He had a big, stout wife, and it struck me that he could very well leave the hostelry to her while he practiced law. He disappeared shortly after noon.

"I started out to see something of the little town, and, needing a collar, stopped in one or two dry goods stores to buy one. I must confess that I was somewhat staggered when I found that the hotelkeeper, besides being a lawyer, was a clerk in a dry-goods store—for it was he who smiled blandly at me over the counter. I extended my walk until night was falling, and as I approached the hotel who did I see lighting the oil lamps in the main street but the hotel proprietor! The next morning, which was Sunday, I inquired of him the way to church. 'Come on,' said he, 'I'll show you.' He took me into the church and showed me a seat, after which he disappeared, saying he must go and ring the bell. In a few minutes it was pealing forth its pleading: 'Come, O, come,' and soon the congregation had gathered.

"I was prepared for anything almost, after what I had seen of mine host's versatility, and was not much surprised when he ascended the stairs of the pulpit and opened services. Then he came down again and manipulated the keys of the wheezy little organ while the congregation sang. He then took up the collection, after which he again resumed the pulpit and preached as fine a gospel sermon as I ever heard. When services were over and the flock had been dismissed with a fervent prayer, the pastor closed up the church.

"'What sort of a man is Mr. So-and-so, anyhow?' I asked a lawyer.

"'Oh,' he answered, 'he runs the town generally. He's killed a dozen men, more or less, and he is the best shot with the revolver in this part of the country. He's the best poker player, too, I ever saw. He is from Kentucky, too.'"

THE WORLD'S FAIR TIME-BALL.

How It Will Be Handled and Controlled in Its Work.

The five-foot time-ball to be dropped at the world's fair will be made of canvas on steel frame. It will be wound up each day to the height from which it is to fall, and it will be set and electrically connected in such a manner that the breaking of the circuit at twelve noon will release it.

The cable by which it will be controlled has already been laid, connecting the new observatory with the entire Western Union telegraph system, the touch of a button at the Washington end of it instantaneously transmitting notice of the hour over three hundred and fifty thousand miles of wire.

When that button speaks the whole country will listen, and the hands of seventy thousand electric clocks all over the country will point to the correct minute and second. There are seven thousand such clocks in New York city alone. All railways, factories and industries of every kind pay attention to the signal. Three minutes before noon each day all Western Union lines are cleared of business, every operator takes his finger from the key, circuits are opened, and at the instant when the sun passes over the seventy-fifth meridian the spark of intelligence is flashed to all parts of the country. It requires less than one-fifth of a second to reach San Francisco.

The twelve o'clock signal sent from Washington indicated 11 a. m. for Chicago, 10 a. m. for Omaha and 9 a. m. for the Pacific coast, the United States being divided into four perpendicular strips, and each strip setting its clocks by the time of the meridian which bisects it from north to south. Thus each strip is only one hour later than the next strip to the east.

FRIGHTENED BOLIVIANS.

They Thought an Electric Light Was a Spirit.

The Bolivian government recently attempted to establish a telephone line between Lapas and Lake Titicaca, forty-five miles apart, says the Washington Star. It was torn down and destroyed so frequently by the Indians that the government was compelled to abandon it. The electric light plant in Lapas was preserved by adopting an ingenious method of overawing the natives. After the plant had been in operation but a few nights it happened that there was an eclipse of the moon. The superstitious Indians believed that the electric light was absorbing or swallowing the moon. They gathered in a large body at one quarter of the town and moved upon the plant to destroy it. It was saved only by the intervention of a large body of troops. The government the next day selected several representative Indians, took them to the power house, shocked them severely, then took them out along the line and shocked them again with the wires and informed them that the electric light was an evil spirit and that they had better leave it alone. Since then they have had no trouble on that score.

AHEAD OF EUROPE.

The United States in the Lead as a Manufacturing Country.

Our Industrial and Commercial Progress as Compared with That of Foreign Nations—A Splendid Showing.

R. H. Edmonds, a journalist of Baltimore, one of the most eminent authorities on the conditions of recent progress in the United States, contributes to the Engineering Magazine an interesting and valuable paper entitled: "A Decade of Marvelous Progress," from which a few conclusions are extracted:

The United States is now the leading manufacturing country of the world. We have far outstripped all other nations in the magnitude of our industrial operations. It is almost incomprehensible that in ten years the increase in capital invested in manufactures should exceed the total invested only twenty years ago. The value of our manufactured products increased about 60 per cent.; add 60 per cent. to the output of 1890 and we would have $13,700,000,000 in 1900—but that is too much to expect.

The same rate of growth in mining interests in this decade as in the last would make our mineral output in 1900 nearly $1,200,000,000, while a smaller percentage of grain, only equaling in volume the total increase in 1890 over 1880, would bring the figures to over $950,000,000. If our coal miners add to the output of 1890 as many tons as they added to that of 1880, ignoring in this the percentage of growth, 217,000,000 tons will be the production of 1900. No other country in the world ever advanced in population and wealth as the United States is doing. The progress of the past shows no signs of halting. In fact, the development of our foreign and domestic trade and commerce and of our industrial interests is steadily broadening out.

Contrast our position and condition with Europe, with resources surpassing those of all Europe, with wealth-creating possibilities in soil, minerals, timber and climate unequaled by Europe and practically without limit to their profitable utilization, with a homogeneous population of 65,000,000 people unvexed by the arbitrary regulations of half a dozen different governments and free from the drain of standing armies, the United States justly commands the wonder and admiration of the world.

Great Britain is no longer the manufacturing center of the world, for we have taken the foremost position in that line. Its vast iron and steel business is yearly increasing in cost of production, while ours is decreasing. It cannot meet the world's growing demand for iron and steel because it cannot increase its production to any great extent. It produces less pig iron now than it did ten years ago. Much of its ore it imports from distant countries. Its cotton is all imported. It spends about $750,000,000 a year for foreign food stuffs.

On the continent every nation is burdened with debt, and none of them ever can hope to pay off its obligations. Measured by their natural resources and advantages for continued growth against their debts and the many disadvantages under which they labor they are practically bankrupt. In all of them the cost of production and living must steadily increase. In the United States we have scarcely laid the foundation for our future greatness. In natural resources we are richer than all of Europe; we are paying off our debts faster than they are due; we have barely scratched the ground in the development of our mineral wealth, and our agricultural growth can scarcely be limited.

A RACE OF DWARFS.

Observations of Mr. Walter Harris in the Atlas Range.

The existence of a race of dwarfs on the Atlas range, about which there was an animated controversy last year, has received unexpected confirmation. Mr. Walter B. Harris, who lately returned from a journey in southern Morocco, communicates these facts to the London Times: While traveling along the foot of the mountains he saw thirteen or fourteen persons, none of whom were over four feet six inches in height, natives of the upper mountain regions.

The Moors describe them as "a wild people, living in houses built in the rocks and snow, hunting moufion with extraordinary agility," and given to shooting anyone penetrating to their domains." He attributes their small stature, not, as some have asserted, to the fact that they are the remnants of the troglidytes, but to the circumstances in which they live. He believes them to be "merely a certain collection of Shleh tribes, who, through the high altitudes at which they live, and the extremes of climate they are subject to, from their poverty and inability to grow crops, from the scarcity and bad quality of such food as they are able to collect, have, in the lapse of centuries, become of almost extraordinary stunted growth."

On his return journey to the coast Mr. Harris visited the artificial caves of Ain Tarsilt, which, from the height of the roofs and the size of the doors, windows and alcoves for beds, were evidently the work of dwarfs. He does not venture an opinion, however, as to whether any descendants of this people are still living.

FOREIGN PERSONALS.

THE greatest living strong man is Sullivan, of London. One of his daily feats is to lift an elephant with his teeth.

PETER THE GREAT was something of a newspaper man. The first Russian journal was established during his reign, and he not only took a direct interest in its editorial composition, but was also accustomed to correct its proof.

ONE of the official duties of the new lord steward, the marquis of Breadalbane, is to preside at Buckingham palace over probably the most unique [illegible] law court in England. It has jurisdiction to settle any [illegible] differences that may arise between office bearers and servants of the majesty's household.

AT Skillington, a village in South Lincolnshire, England, there are now living Thomas Duffin, who was born January; George Duffin, the [illegible] 72; George Duffin, the grandson [illegible] 47; Joseph Duffin, the great-grandson, aged 26; and George Duffin, the [illegible] great-grandson, aged 6. The [illegible] the family is still active.

"RAM'S HORN" WRINKLES.

THE nickel plating does not give any power to the engine.

THE man who is always looking for mud generally finds it.

A KEY that unlocks Heaven could fit any church door on earth.

THE world owes every man a living who is willing to work out the debt.

THE man who controls himself makes unwritten laws for many other people.

WE are not in a condition to enjoy riches until we can be happy without them.

FILL the place you now have more than full and you will soon have a better one.

A QUARTER in the pocket will buy more groceries than a dollar somebody owes you.

FARM FACTS.

A SOUTHERN Oregon farmer last year made $2,000 from ten acres raising prunes.

AN outbreak of rabies has occurred on a farm in Armagh, Ireland, and several head of cattle were killed.

A COMPANY has been formed in Anhalt, Germany, to utilize beet root molasses as a feed stuff, the molasses to be changed into a dry powder-like substance by the addition of certain [illegible] stuffs, which also make it more nutritious.

IN a lecture given at Darmstadt, Germany, by Dr. Lorenz, he stated that the loss to owners, through foot and mouth disease, in that country, was $4.75 per head. The number of cattle affected with the disease last year was 600,000 head, causing a total loss of $2,850,000.

MILLINERY NOVELTIES.

VERY soft velvets of almost grenadine thinness are among the novelties in millinery trimmings.

WIDE-BRIMMED hats, with an abundance of ostrich-plume trimming, will be popular for spring and early-summer wear.

WIDE-BRIMMED leghorn hats, such as have been worn by children for the past few years, are brought out for ladies. They are to be trimmed with lace, bows and tips.

A FLAT-TOPPED hat with a Prince of Wales cluster set exactly in the top of the corner is a new design. It has the merit of novelty, and but little merit can be said in its favor.

PICKED FROM THE VINES.

THE area planted to vines in Switzerland has decreased by 25,600 acres within five years, now covering 526,000 acres occupied by 21,000 owners.

THE area of vineyards in Tunis was only 7,500 acres four years ago. It is now nearly double, while the quantity of wine made has increased during the same period from 357,500 gallons to 952,500 gallons.

THE vintage of Zante, in 1891, was abundant. Most of the wine is sold on the island at from three to ten cents per pint. The olive oil crop was an average one, 40,320 barrels or 2,500 tons, selling at about $150 per ton.

A MEETING of viticulturists has been held at Valparaiso, to urge the government to conclude reciprocity [illegible] with all South American republics, so as to bring Chilian wines in competition with the cheap wines of Europe.

A Poem.

"There is no position in life, however great, however noble," shouted the orator, "to which the humblest citizen of this great republic, if he but put forth an effort, may not attain."

"How about the presidency of a fat man's club?" asked a little, lean man in the midst of the audience, standing on his chair that he might be better seen, whereat the vast concourse of listening humanity was so affected that the major portion actually shed tears.—Indianapolis Journal.

Make Their Own Tea.

Some fashionable New York restaurants permit their customers to make their own tea. Every table is provided with a dainty tea kettle, which the waiter sets to singing by lighting the spirit lamp beneath it. A lacquer caddy with several compartments offers a choice of brands of tea, out of which the customer chooses and brews his own cup.

CHRONICLE-UNION

BRIDGEPORT, JUNE 24. 1893.

Entered at the Bridgeport Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENTS.

E. C. DAKE—Merchants' Exchange.
L. P. FISHER.—Merchants' Exchange.
G. R. KELLOGG—320 Pine Street.

PROTECTION IN THE SOUTH.

The Atlanta Constitution, which has been the most pronounced free trade journal of the Eastern South, is to be congratulated upon its sudden discovery of the desirability of encouraging manufactures as well as the discovery of the marvelous growth of prosperity which has been going on under its own eyes and under the Republican policy of protection. Instead of publishing diatribes against the tariff and praising free trade as glorious because it is British, our awakened contemporary now declares in a leading editorial that "manufacturing is destined to be Atlanta's leading interest for all time to come."' Instead of clamoring for free raw material the Constitution proclaims, with the air of having made a surprising discovery." The raw materials in every line of industry are at our very doors." Instead of railing at a policy under which the entire country has made stupendous strides since the civil war it points to an increase of population from 10,000 in 1865 to 125,000 to-day, and with praiseworthy and candid pride it adds:

"Our factories and mills are rapidly increasing in number. In 1880 we had 196 manufacturing establishments, and in 1891 we had 623, with over $16,000,000 capital, employing 15,206 hands, turning out an annual product valued at $33,012,000."

Atlanta is making a strenuous effort to attract capital and manufacturers from the North. Its ambition is commendable, and its exultation over its own growth and its possession of cotton factories, cottonseed oil mills, carriage factories, iron plants, furniture factories and other industries is natural. We wish the enterprising metropolis of Georgia a continuance of its manufacturing prosperity, for an attack upon which Messrs. Cleveland, Carlisle and Crisp are said to be preparing. We congratulate the Constitution upon the discovery of facts at its own doors; and we trust that it will not continue to demand the enactment into law of that portion of the Confederate constitution, embodied in the Chicago platform, declaring protection to American industries unconstitutional.—N. Y. Press.

Murdered.

Mike Tovey, the well-known shot-gun messenger who used to convoy Bodie bullion to Hawthorne and Carson in the flush times of Bodie, when the shipments of bullion were heavy and frequent, was murdered by a stage robber on Thursday afternoon, the 15th inst, while on the stage between Ione and Jackson. The robber was frightened away by the driving up of a buggy with two men in it, but not until he fired a second time, hitting the driver, his first shot killing Tovey. Two of the six stage horses were shot, but the driver got his stage and passengers into Jackson without being robbed. Tovey had been in Wells, Fargo & Co's employ a number of years as a shot-gun messenger, and was courageous, but this time he had no chance to fight back, as the shot that killed him was the first intimation given that a robber was about. Tovey was about 40 years old and unmarried.

The miniature World's fair project does not seem to meet with the support and encouragement in San Francisco that was expected. Probably, if it should meet the opposition instead of the endorsement of Mike De Young, Californians might take more interest in it. Somehow, whenever the proprietor of the Chronicle fathers a project, there is a certain feeling of distrust and indifference harnessed on to it. It seems unfortunate (for Mike) that this should be so, but it is strong, unadulterated truth, and every day adds to the many demonstrations of this fact.—Placer Representative.

The offer of a $5,000 donation toward a project that the donor is well satisfied cannot mature, is a cheap way to gain notoriety as a "public spirited" individual—with an eye on the U. S. Senatorship.

J. W. Flood, the defaulting Cashier of the Donahue-Kelly Bank, San Francisco, was found guilty of embezzlement but the jury recommended him to mercy. Considering that he stole some $160,000 and refused to tell what became of the money, the jury must have been very soft-hearted to recommend him to mercy. Now, if the Judge will give him only a couple of years, it will be an inducement for other Cashiers to do as he did.

The Chicago pickpockets have an eye to business when they go after Californians.—Several from this State have been robbed in that city, and the latest is Horticultural Officer Le Rue, who was robbed, the other day, of $200 and some very valuable papers.

In case the cholera breaks out in New York this Summer, California will be quarantined against it, west of Yuma on the Southern Pacific, west of Needles, east of Truckee, and at the Oregon State line.

Three Italian war ships sailed for New York on the 22d, to make a friendly demonstration. The new battleship Re Umberto will sail for New York next month.

The peach crops in Delaware and Maryland will be enormous this Summer. This will not be good for California peach growers.

A large force will soon be set at work at Mare Island Navy Yard—and we are not on the eve of an election.

The proposed World's Fair to be held in San Francisco does not meet with the encouragement of San Francisco's moneyed men as one would suppose it would if they had the interests of the city at heart, but they are looking to their own interests, as they cannot see how they can get their money back through the sale of admission tickets, as the Fair at Chicago is not taking in money sufficient to insure any dividends to the stockholders, and it is not to be supposed that the capitalists of San Francisco will subscribe for any purpose, unless there is a prospect of receiving two dollars for one subscribed.

The action of President Cleveland, in setting aside the laws of Congress, in the Geary Exclusion Act, and of our State Board of Examiners, in ignoring the Coyote law after inforcing it for two years, has become epidemic, contagious, as it were.—The last Legislature fixed the pay of the policemen of Alameda at $100 per month. Now the town trustees talk of increasing it, thus ignoring the law of the State. The next Legislature should pass a law providing that all laws tending to tread on the corns of individuals who do not keep their toes in their pockets shall not be enforced.

NEW TO-DAY.

NOTICE.
WARNING NOT TO PURCHASE.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

All parties who may be contemplating the purchase of certain Personal Property, consisting of Horses, Mules and Cattle, alleged to have been sold and conveyed by S. W. Gregory, to his wife, Mrs. F. M. Gregory, on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1893, are hereby notified and warned not to purchase the same, as said purported sale and transfer is fraudulent, and without consideration, and was made with the express purpose and intent to defraud creditors.

Dated. June 24th, 1893.

H. C. BLANCHARD.
By C. L. HAYES, his attorney.

je 24 4w

GRAND CANTATA
AND
MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT,
AT
BRYANT'S HALL,
BRIDGEPORT,
MONDAY EVENING, THE 3d DAY of JULY.

PART FIRST.
Will comprise SONGS, DUETTS, etc.
PART SECOND.
GRAND CANTATA.
STRANGE VISITORS, or a MEETING of NATIONS.

With the following characters:
ENGLAND—Leslie and Eloise Elliott.
SCOTLAND—Myrtle Montrose and Irene Miller
IRELAND—Ella and Madie Cody.
FRANCE—Ella and Addie Donnel.
GERMANY—Gracie Stewart and Hazel Boyd.
ITALY—Gertie and Lottie Towle.
SPAIN—Ethel and Alice Beck.
HOLLAND—Morris and Jennie Hays
SWITZERLAND—Maud Stewart and Hattie Hawks.
SWEDEN—May Hopkins and Cordie Hays.
NORWAY—Pearl and Della Stimmon.
CHINA—Hector M. Reed.
JAPAN—Annie L. Bryant.

ENTERTAINERS.
Mrs. Charles M. Stewart, Mrs. L. E. Donnel, Mrs. A. P. Allen, Wm. O. Parker.
DIRECTOR AND ACCOMPANIST.
C. E. HEATH.
Performance to commence promptly 8.30
ADMISSION—FIFTY CENTS.

EQUALIZATION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF MONO COUNTY will meet as a

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION on the
FIRST MONDAY IN JULY, 1893,

to examine the Assessment Roll and equalize the Assessment of Property in Mono County and will continue in session for that purpose from time to time until the business of Equalization is disposed of, but not later than the

THIRD MONDAY IN JULY, 1893.

Dated Bridgeport, June 23d, 1893.

J. D. MURPHEY,
je24-2t Clerk.

SUMMONS.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNty of Alpine, State of California.

CHRISTOPHER CARSON WOODFORD,
Plaintiff,
vs.
ELLONER AUGUSTA WOODFORD,
Defendant.

Action brought in the Superior Court of the County of Alpine, State of California, and the Complaint filed in said County of Alpine, in the office of the Clerk of said Superior Court.

C. C. P., Sec. 407.

The People of the State of California send Greeting to

ELLONER AUGUSTA WOODFORD,
Defendant.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff, in the Superior Court of the said County of Alpine, State of California, and to answer the Complaint filed therein, within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this summons, if served within this County; or, if served elsewhere, within thirty days.

The said action is brought to obtain judgment against you and a decree of said Honorable Superior Court dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between said Plaintiff and the said Defendant, upon the following grounds which are fully set out in the Complaint, viz: Defendant's willful desertion of the Plaintiff, her husband, ever since the 1st day of February, 1889; that on that day Defendant, at Douglas County, State of Nevada, willfully and without cause or provocation abandoned and deserted the Plaintiff and continues to live separate and apart from him without Plaintiff's consent and against his will and wish, as will more fully appear by reference to the Complaint on file herein.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, as above required, the said Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in the Complaint and sought by this action.

[SEAL] Witness my hand and the Seal of said Superior Court of the said County of Alpine, State of California, this 14th day of June, A. D. 1893.

FRANK SMITH,
Clerk.

Indorsed: Superior Court, County of Alpine C. C. Woodford, Plaintiff, vs. Er A. Woodford, Defendant. Alias Summons.

[je24-2m]

PITH AND POINT.

SNOOPER—"I'd have you know I come of a good family." Ricketts—"You must have traveled a long distance."—Vogue.

WHIFFLER—"They tell me Sharpleigh made his entire fortune in less than a week. How did he do it?" Staples—"Cornered the Boston spectacle market."—Troy Press.

THE girl whose eyes are dazzled by an engagement ring can't be expected to see many faults in the giver. For the time it may be said she's stone blind.—Philadelphia Times.

"What is the difference between humor and nonsense?" said the inquisitive man. "Humor," replied the candid man, "is represented by the joke you make yourself; nonsense is represented by the joke some other fellow makes."—Washington Star.

"MR. GINGHAM," said Taper, "I would like a fortnight's absence to attend the wedding of a very dear friend." "It must be a very dear friend, indeed, to make you want that much time. Who is it?" "Well, sir, after the ceremony she will be my wife."—Tid-Bits.

Social Signs of the Times.

Here is an item worthy to be preserved among the archives of sociology as indicative of the tendency of the times: "Lost, at the queen's drawing-room, Buckingham palace, a pocket handkerchief with the letter M in diamonds in the corner. The finder is requested," etc. Another item tells of a woman who, in a spasm of economy, established her own husband in plain clothes as footman upon the box. He asserted his independence, however, by smoking a pipe while in discharge of his new duty.

A Texas farmer has planted 300 acres of Cass county land in cantaloupes, and having made arrangements for shipping the melons in cold storage cars, it is ciphered out that he will have a profit of about $30,000 on the crop.

MEDICAL.

The Druggists

In Lowell, Mass., agree in saying that they sell more of Hood's Sarsaparilla than of all other blood purifiers. For instance:

F. C. GOODALE: I sell more of Hood's Sarsaparilla than all other blood purifiers.

A. W. DOWS & CO.: Hood's takes the lead of all other sarsaparillas.

C. F. BLANCHARD: We sell more of Hood's Sarsaparilla than of any similar.

MARSTON & SHAW: With us the sale of Hood's is 9 to 1 of any other kind.

F. & E. BAILEY & CO.: Hood's Sarsaparilla is one of the best medicines.

CARLTON & HOVEY: Hood's Sarsaparilla is one of the best medicines we have. Its sale increases every year.

F. P. MOODY: We sell twice as much of Hood's Sarsaparilla as of anything similar.

C. A. SWAN: Hood's is the most popular sarsaparilla of the day.

THIRTY OTHER druggists speak similarly.

This popularity at home, where Hood's Sarsaparilla and its proprietors have been known for many years, could not continue if the medicine did not possess merit. And these facts should certainly convince people in other sections of the country that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a good, reliable medicine.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

MISCELLANEOUS.

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je10 tf,

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je10 B. L. SIMMONS, Proprietor.

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This ranch is 160 acres of the best of grain and grass land—a portion is in alfalfa, and all is irrigated. Terms cash.

For particulars, address
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je8 Benton, Mono County, Cal,

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$3 A YEAR.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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d21 Bridgeport Mono county, California.

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ASSAYER AND
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BODIE, CALIFORNIA.

CHARLES L. HAYES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
AND
DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
NOTARY PUBLIC.
BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.

FRANK P. WILLARD.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BODIE, MONO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.
Water Rights, Land and Mining Litigation a specialty. d7 8m

WM. O. PARKER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
AND NOTARY PUBLIC,
BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA. je13-tf

R. S. MINER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Bridgeport, Mono County, Cal

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BLACKSMITH AND WAGON MAKER,
BRIDGEPORT, CAL.
HORSE AND OX SHOEING.
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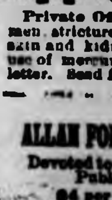
R. A. LEALE,
MANUFACTURER OF
Sarsaparilla and Iron
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger Ale,
Soda Water
Etc.
BODIE, CAL.



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LEGAL.

APPLICATION FOR A PATENT TO THE "KENTUCK" QUARTZ MINE.

M. A. No 297.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Independence, California, May 20, 1893.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN H. SHEEHAN, whose Postoffice address is Clinton, Mono County, California, has this day filed his application for a patent for thirteen hundred and twenty linear feet of the "Kentuck" mine or vein bearing gold and silver, with surface ground six hundred feet in width, situate, lying and being in Patterson Mining District, County of Mono, State of California, and known and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as lot number 87, in Township No 7, North of Range No 25 East, Mt Diablo Base and Meridian.

THE EXTERIOR BOUNDARIES of said Lot No 87 being as follows to wit:

VARIATION 16° 30' EAST.

Commencing at a 4x4 post set in a mound of earth and stone, and marked N E Cor No 1 Kentuck, whence bears N 17° 30' E 0.93.3 chs a small pine tree 1' 7.10 in circumference marked B T N E C; thence, var 16° 30' E. On East Boundary—First Course: S 35° 45' W. 1320 ft or 20.00 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked S E Cor No 2 "Kentuck", N E Cor No 1 Georgie Howell; thence on South Boundary—Second Course: N 54° 15' W, 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked L L No 2 and L L No 1, whence bears S 38° 30' W, 1.10 chs distant Tunnel No 1, 600 ft or 9.09 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone marked S W Cor No 3 Kentuck, and NW Cor No 4 Georgie Howell, whence bears N 82° 45' E, 0.22.9 chs dist a nut pine tree 1'7¼" in circumference marked B T S W C, S 24° 45' W, 0.47.8 chs dist old dead pine tree 5'7" in circumference, marked B T S W C, S 39° 38' W, 102.85 chs dist, ¼ Sec Cor on East Boundary of Sec 25, T 7 N, R 24 E, M D M; thence on West Boundary—Third Course: N 35° 45' E, 1321.3 ft or 20.02 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone, and marked N W Cor No 4, Kentuck, whence bears N 10° 15' E 1.41.7 chs dist a pine tree 8' 9" in circumference marked B T N W C; thence on North Boundary—Fourth Course: S 54° 15' E, 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked L L No 1, being the north end of the lode line of the location, 600 ft or 9.09 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked N E Cor No 1, the place of beginning, containing 18.19 acres.

CONNECTING LINE.

From post No 3 S W Corner Kentuck Mine, the ¼ Sec Cor on East Boundary of Sec 25, T 7, N R 24 E, M D M, bears S 39° 38' W, 102.85 chs dist by calculation from triangulation.

This claim is bounded on the southern end by the Georgie Howell Quartz mine.

The location of this mine is duly Recorded in the Recorder's Office of the Patterson Mining District, Mono County, California, in Book "A", pages 18 and 19 of said Records.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of the said Kentuck Mine or said mining ground, as hereinbefore described are required to file their adverse claim with the Register of the United States Land Office at Independence, in the State of California, during the sixty days period of publication hereof or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the Statute.

my27-10w C. W. CRAIG, Register.

CHAS. L. HAYES, Attorney for Applicant.

APPLICATION FOR A PATENT TO THE "MAY BELLE" QUARTZ MINE.

M. A. No. 298.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Independence, California, May 20, 1893.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN H. SHEEHAN, whose Postoffice address is Clinton, Mono County, California, has this day filed his application for a patent for fifteen hundred linear feet of the "May Belle" mine or vein, bearing gold and silver, with surface ground six hundred feet in width, situate, lying and being in Patterson Mining District, County of Mono, and State of California, and known and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as Lot number 88, in Township No. 7, North of Range No. 25 East, Mt. Diablo Base and Meridian.

THE EXTERIOR BOUNDARIES of said Lot No. 88, being as follows, to wit:

VARIATION 16° 30' EAST.

Commencing at 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked L L No 1, whence bears N 63° E 174.2 ft or 2.64 chs dist L L No 1 "Georgie Howell" mine, and L L No 2 "Kentuck" mine S 23° W 2.06.3 chs dist Tunnel No 2; thence, variation 16° 30' E. North Boundary—First Course: S 65° 30' E 148 ft or 2.24.2 chs to intersection with lode line "Georgie Howell" mine, 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked N E Corner No 1 May Belle; thence East Boundary—Second Course: S 24° 30' W 5.26 ft or 7.97 chs to intersection with lode line Georgie Howell mine, 1260.7 ft or 19.10 chs to a post marked B P No V Georgie Howell, S 54° 15' E 74ft or 1.12 chs from post No 3 at S W Cor of mine, 1500 ft or 22.72.7 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone marked S E Cor No 2, whence bears N 66° W 0.43.4 chs distant a small mahogany tree marked B T S E C; thence on South Boundary—Third Course: N 65° 30' W 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked L L No 2, being the south end of the lode line of May Belle mine, 600 ft or 9.09 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked S W Cor No 3, whence bears S 1° W 0.41.4 chs distant a twin pine tree, 10'8⅝" in circumference, marked B T S W C; N 11° 30' E 0.48 chs distant a small pine tree 1'4¾" in circumference marked B T S W C; thence on West Boundary—Fourth Course: N 24° 30' E 1500 ft or 22.72.7 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked N W Cor No 4, whence bears S 39° W 99.58 chs dist a ¼ Section Corner, a stone in a mound of earth, but not marked, between Sec 25 T 7 N R 24 E, and Sec 31 T 7 N R 25 E, M D M, S 53° 15' W 0.19 8 chs dist a dead pine tree 7'1¼" in circumference marked B T N W C; N 59° E 0.78.3 chs dist a nut pine tree 3'2⅜" in circumference, marked B T N W C; thence on North Boundary—Fifth Course: S 65° 30' E, 179.9 ft or 2.59chs to a post set in mound of earth and stone and marked B P VI Georgie Howell, N 8° 30' E, 1298ft or 19.66.6 chs from No 3 post at S W Corner of said mine, 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to place of beginning at 4x4 post marked L/L No 1, containing 20.66 acres

CONNECTING LINE.

From post No 4 N W Corner May Belle mine, the ¼ Sec Cor on East boundary of Sec 25, T 7 N R 24 E, M D M, bears S 39° 05' 30" W, 99.58 chs distant by calculation from triangulation.

This claim is bounded on a portion of the eastern side by the Georgie Howell mining Claim, and on a portion of the northern end by the Georgie Howell mining claim.

The location of this mine is duly recorded in the Recorder's Office of the Patterson Mining District, Mono County, California, in Book A, page 18 of said records.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of said "May Belle" mine or said mining ground as hereinbefore described, are required to file their adverse claim with the Register of the United States Land Office at Independence, in the State of California, during the sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the Statute.

my27-10w C. W. CRAIG, Register.

CHAS. L. HAYES, Attorney for Applicant.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE CREDitors of, and all persons having claims against, the Estate of John H. Connell, deceased, to present their claims against said estate to Nancy A. Connell, to whom letters of administration upon said estate have been duly granted and issued by the Superior Court of the County of Mono, State of California. Notice is further given that said letters are dated on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1893; that a summary administration of said estate has been ordered by said Court, a copy of which order is as follows: In the Superior Court of the County of Mono, State of California. In the matter of the Estate of John H. Connell, deceased. The inventory and appraisement of the above named estate having been filed herein, and it appearing that the total value of the estate at the time of the filing said inventory and appraisement did not exceed the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, but that said estate at said time was of the value of Thirteen Hundred and Eighty-one dollars ($1,381), and no more, it is therefore ordered that a summary administration of said estate be had, and that the Administratrix may make final settlement of such estate at the end of five months from the date of this order. Dated May 13th, 1893. W. H. Virden, Judge of the Superior Court. And notice is further given that in pursuance of said order, I will make final settlement of said estate on the 13th day of October, A. D. 1893, and all persons having claims against the said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to said Administratrix on or before said 13th day of October, 1893, and all claims which are not thus exhibited will be forever barred.

NANCY A. CONNELL,

Administratrix of the Estate of John H. Connell, deceased.

Dated May 16th, A. D. 1893. my27-4w

LEGAL.

APPLICATION FOR A PATENT TO THE "GEORGIE HOWELL" QUARTZ MINE.

M. A. No. 299.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Independence, California, May 20, 1893.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN H. SHEEHAN, whose Post Office address is Clinton, Mono County, California, has this day filed his application for a patent for Fifteen hundred linear feet of the GEORGIE HOWELL MINE or vein bearing gold and silver with surface ground Six hundred feet in width except that portion thereof hereinafter mentioned which is in conflict with the May Belle Mine, vein, lode or mineral deposit, situated, lying and being in Patterson Mining District, County of Mono, State of California, and known and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as Lot No. 89, in Township No. 7, North of Range No. 25, East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian.

THE EXTERIOR BOUNDARIES of said Lot No. 89, being as follows, to wit:

VARIATION 16° 30' EAST.

Commencing at a 4x4 post set in a mound of earth and stone and marked L L No 1, Georgie Howell, L L No 2, Kentuck mine (this being the north end of lode line); whence bears S 38° 30' W, 1.10 chains distant Tunnel No 1; thence, variation 16° 30' E North Boundary—First Course; S 54° 15' E, 300 feet, or 4.54.5 chains to a 4x4 post set in a mound of earth and stone and marked Georgie Howell N E Cor No 1, Kentuck S E Cor No 2; thence on East Boundary—Second Course: S 8° 30' W, 1500 ft, or 22.72.7 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone, and marked S E Cor No 2 Georgie Howell; thence on South Boundary—Third Course: N 54° 15' W, 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of rock and earth and marked L L No 2 (being south end of lode line); whence bears S 52° 45' W, 0.42 chains distant a small mahogany tree marked B T L L, 526 ft or 7.96.9 chs to a post marked B P No 5 Georgie Howell, and intersecting with the East Boundary of the "May Belle" mine, and N 24° 30' E, 239.4 ft or 3.62.7 chs from a 4x4 post marked S E Cor No 2 May Belle; 600 ft or 9.09 chs to a 4x4 post set in a mound of earth and stone and marked S W Cor No 3 Georgie Howell; whence bears N 46° 15' E, 0.72 chs distant a small pine tree 3'7¼" in circumference marked B T S W C; N 85° 15' W; 0.87.4 chs dist a large pine tree 6'2" in circumference; thence on West Boundary—Fourth Course: N 8° 30' E. 1298 ft or 19.67 chs to a post marked B P No 6 Georgie Howell at intersection of May Belle North Boundary; S 65° 30' E 170.9 ft or 2.59 chs from a post marked N W Cor No 4 May Belle; 1500 ft or 22.72.7 chs along West Boundary to a 4x4 post set in a mound of earth and stone and marked N. W. Cor No 4 Georgie Howell, and S W Cor No 3 Kentuck; whence bears S 39° 30' W, 102.09 chs dist the ¼ Sec Corner on East Boundary of Sec. 25, T 7 N, R 24 E, M D M; thence on North Boundary—Fifth Course: S 54° 15' E, 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked L L No 1, the place of beginning, containing 18.37 acres.

CONFLICT WITH THE MAY BELLE.

Commencing at a 4x4 post marked N E Corner No 1 May Belle Mine, the post being set in a mound of earth and stone; thence, variation 16° 30' East. First Course: S 24° 30' W, 1260 7 ft or 19.10 chs to a post at intersection of South Boundary of Georgie Howell Mine; thence Second Course: N 54° 15' W, 74 ft or 1.12 chs to a post marked Georgie Howell S W Cor No 3; thence Third Course, N 8° 30' E, 1298 ft or 19.67 chs to post at intersection of North Boundary of May Belle Mine; thence Fourth Course: S 65° 30' E, 429 ft or 650 chs to place of beginning.

GEORGIE HOWELL MINE—SURVEY OF THE BOUNDARIES, of the ground sought to be patented.

Commencing at a 4x4 post set in a mound of earth and stone and marked L L No 1 and L L No 2 Kentuck (this being the north end of the lode line); whence bears S. 38° 30' W, 1.10 distant Tunnel No 1, thence, variation 16° 30' E on the North Boundary. First Course: S 54° 15' E, 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked Georgie Howell N E Cor No 1, Kentuck S E Cor No 2; thence on East Boundary, Second Course: S 8° 30' W, 1500 ft or 22.72.7 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked S E Cor No 2 Georgie Howell; thence on South Boundary—Third Course: N 54° 15' W, 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to a 4x4 post set in a mound of earth and stone and marked L L No 2; whence bears S 52° 45' W, 0.42 chs dist a small mahogany tree marked B T L L, 526 ft or 7.96.9 chs to a post marked B P No V Georgie Howell, N 24° 30' E, 239.4 ft or 3.62.7 chs from a 4x4 post marked S E Cor No 2 May Belle, and S 54½° E from post No 3, S W Cor Georgie Howell Mine; thence Fourth Course: N 24° 30' E 1260.7 ft or 19.10 chs along the East Boundary of the May Belle Mine and West Boundary of the Georgie Howell to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked N E Cor No 1, May Belle, thence Fifth Course: N 65° 30' W, 429 ft or 6.50 chs, along the North Boundary of the May Belle Mine to a post marked B P No VI Georgie Howell; N 8° 30' E, 1298 ft or 19.66.7 chs from S W Cor of said mine; thence on West Boundary,—Sixth Course: N 8° 30' E, 202 ft or 3.06 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked N W Cor No 4 Georgie Howell, S W Cor No 3 Kentuck; whence bears S 39° 38' W, 102.85 chs dist ¼ Sec Cor on East boundary of Sec 25, T 7 N, R 24 E; thence on North Boundary—Seventh Course: S 54° 15' E, 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked L L No 1, the place of beginning, containing 11.19 acres.

CONNECTING LINE

From post No 4 N W Cor Georgie Howell Mine the ¼ Sec Cor on East Boundary of Sec 25, T 7 N, 24 E, M D M, bears S 39° 35' W, 102.86 chs dist by calculation.

This claim is bounded on the north end by the Kentuck Quartz Mine and on a portion of the southern end by the May Belle Quartz Mine and on a portion of the western side by said May Belle Quartz Mine.

The location of this mine is duly recorded in the Recorder's Office of the Patterson Mining District, Mono County, California, in Book "A." pages 19 and 20 of said records.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of said Georgie Howell Mine or said mining ground as hereinbefore described, are required to file their adverse claim with the Register of the United States Land Office at Independence in the State of California, during the Sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the Statute.

my27-10w C. W. CRAIG, Register.

CHAS. L. HAYES, Attorney for Applicant.

NOTICE TO REDEEM.

(Under Section 3785 of the Political Code).

TO J. P. STALEY:

Please take Notice that the following described property situated in the County of Mono, State of California, viz:

N. E. ¼, Section 30; Township 7, N. R. 23 E., M. D. M., containing 160 acres,

Was on the 6th day of July, 1892, by the Tax Collector of said Mono County, sold for delinquent taxes for the year 1891, to James Todkill for the sum of Six and 64-100 Dollars.

The amount due at the date hereof is Nine and 96-100 Dollars, together with the cost of publishing and posting this notice, and upon the 14th day of July, 1893, the undersigned, James Todkill, purchaser as aforesaid, will apply to the Tax Collector of the County of Mono afore said for a deed of said property.

Witness my hand this 12th day of June, 1893.

je17-4d JAMES TODKILL.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT INDEPENDENCE, CALIF.
June 8, 1893.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following-named settler has filed notice of intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Mono County, at Bridgeport, California, on SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1893, viz.: CLINTON E. HEATH, Pre-emption D. S. No. 1537, for the

S. ½ of N. E. ¼, Sec. 5, and E. ½ of N. E. ¼ Sec. 4, T. 4 N., R. 24 E., M. D. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: A. F. Bryant, Charles M. Stewart, William O. Parker and Richard Whitford, all of Bridgeport, Mono Co., Cal.

je17-4d C. W. CRAIG, Register.

ADVERTISE
IN
THIS PAPER.

CHRONICLE-UNION.

BRIDGEPORT, JUNE 21, 1893.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Personal.

Miss Mary Hettor, of Bodie, came over last Saturday for a short visit to Bridgeport friends, and returned home on Monday.

Harvey Boone was over from Bodie the first of the week.

P. E. Van Bokn returned to Bodie on Monday.

L. Gullickson was up from Antelope on Sunday.

R. S. Miner came over from Benton on Tuesday, accompanied by J. A. Wilson, of Benton, who came to institute a mining suit.

Mrs. J. Beck came over from Bodie on Tuesday to visit Mrs. Sinnamon.

Mrs. Norm. Huntoon and children went to Bishop on Sunday last, her husband and Moss Huntoon having preceded her the week before. She will return in about one month.

Miss Carrie Summers left on Whittemore's Carson stage on Monday morning for Carson, at which place she was married on Tuesday.

Dr Keables came over from Bodie on Monday on professional business, and returned on Tuesday.

Misses Ethel Beck, Myrtle Montrose and Hazel Boyd, all of Bodie, are visiting their Bridgeport friends.

Miss Annie Delaney came over from Bodie on Wednesday, the guest of Miss Ella Hughes.

Philip Larry has moved his family from Sweetwater, Nev., to this town, and has taken the upper story of the "Brick" on Main street for a residence. Mr. Larry is employed at Hawks & Co's sawmill.

Sheriff Hays went to Benton on Monday on official business.

Mr. Grant, of San Francisco, came up on Whittemore's Carson stage on Thursday, en route for Lundy.

Archie McNabb, of the Ward mine, was in town this week.

Mrs. Scott and Miss Alice Boone, of Bodie, are visiting Mrs. H. Boone at the ranch.

A. W. Green, of Sweetwater, is the blacksmith at Hawks & Co's sawmill.

FOURTH OF JULY.

Everything is being done by the several Committees to make the coming celebration of our great anniversary worthy of Bridgeport and the occasion. There promises to be a large attendance from Bodie, where there will be no celebration, and a number will be over from Lundy. On the 5th, excursions will be made to the Twin Lakes, the great fishing resort for all of Mono, Buckeye Hot Springs, and to Sam Fales' Hot Springs, where one can indulge in a hot water swim, and enjoy the luxuries of a good table. With its grand lakes, medicinal and health restoring springs, its fine drives, etc. Bridgeport is a pleasant town to visit, either in Summer or Winter.

Our people cordially invite everybody and his wife to come and spend the Fourth here, and have an enjoyable time.

DECEASED.—John Franklin Crowell, an old and respected citizen of Bridgeport, and who has for many years been Janitor of the Court House, died at an early hour on Thursday morning, after a short illness, of lead paralysis, brought on by painting the Court House. The deceased was of a quiet, retiring disposition, a good citizen and will be greatly missed by our people. He was a native of New York, and 61 years of age. He left two young sons, twins, and a step son, to whom he was greatly attached.—The funeral took place at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon and was largely attended.

THE CANTATA.—The Cantata and musical entertainment to be given under the supervision of Prof. Heath on Monday evening, July 3d, will be one of the most pleasing exhibitions we have had. H. M. Reed of Pittsburg, Pa., the Standard Con, electrician, and Mr. St. John, of Bodie, both fine singers, have kindly consented to assist in the first part. As the price of tickets will be 50 cents only, there should be a full house. The advertisement of the entertainment will be found under "New To-day."

NEW POSTOFFICE.—Miss Ella Brady, having received her commission as Postmistress, has taken the Crowell building, opposite the Leavitt house, for her office.—Sam. A. Hopkins is fitting it up for postal purposes and for merchandizing, the fair Federal official intending to keep fruit, candies, nuts, etc., to assist in increasing the income. She will take the office about the 1st of July.

FREIGHTS.—Russell's big team came in the first of the week; and George Pesler arrived on Monday with freight for A. F. Bryant. Russell will now make a quick trip from Carson so as to bring in fruit etc., for the Fourth. Joe. A. Brown received five tons of flour, and other goods in proportion on Thursday.

NEW STAGE.—Willie Adair has put a new stage wagon on his Bodie route. It has been much needed on that road, and Adair intends having his passengers travel with more comfort and safety than has been the rule heretofore.

RELIGIOUS.—Rev. Mr. Bott will hold services at the School House to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

MORE RAILROAD TALK.

Another overland railroad scheme has broken out. It is reported that a syndicate of Denver capitalists is contemplating building an "air line" railroad to San Francisco. No sooner was the project aired in the San Francisco papers than the selfishness of the San Francisco merchants, represented by Leeds, cropped out in the sayings of Leeds, "that the new road was for the benefit of Chicago drummers; that the interior of this State would get its supplies from the East over its rails, to the injury of San Francisco, and that what San Francisco wanted was a cheap water route to bring her goods from the East at a very low freight, and local railroad lines into the interior of this State, so that San Francisco would have to be the distributing center." Or, more plainly speaking, that many of the selfish San Francisco merchants would like to see the rails of the Southern Pacific outside of the State torn up and all railroading be confined to the State, so that no goods could come into the State except through the Golden Gate and be handled exclusively by the merchants of that city. While all the business men of San Francisco do not feel as Mr. Leeds does, a large number do, and their blatherskite talk has done the Bay City great injury and diverted trade from its merchants to the merchants of the East, as many of our interior business men receive their goods direct from headquarters and can sell as cheaply as they would have to pay for them in San Francisco. San Francisco's selfishness has caused her loss of trade, and not the exactions of the Southern Pacific Railroad. Her merchants have been too exacting with their customers; showing no leniency when they were a little behind in their payments, but would pounce upon an interior merchant and break up his business, when a little time given would have enabled him to ride over the breakers and save his business and credit. They show no mercy to their creditors, and it makes no difference how many thousands of dollars an interior merchant may pay into the coffers of a San Franciscan, if he fails to get a remittance to them at the very hour it is due, the merchant is oftener forced to the wall, than time given to make ends meet.

BODIE CON.—The annual meeting of the Bodie Con. Mining Co. was held in San Francisco on Monday, when 54,512 shares were represented. The Secretary's statement showed a credit of $9,061 41. The following officers were elected:

H. D. Walker, President; L. Osborn, Vice President, and A. Herrmann, W. H. King, R. H. Sinton, E. P. Danforth and John W. Kelly, Directors. M. E. Willis was elected Secretary and John W. Kelly, Superintendent. The Secretary's financial statement showed a credit of $9,061 41.

RUNNING.—Hawks & Co. have started up the sawmill, and on Friday the first load of lumber was hauled to town, some of it going to the Standard Con. electric plant on Green Creek, and some to Cody's Rattlesnake mine.

THANKS to Mrs. Ida Hopkins for delicious ice cream sent to this office on Monday noon. Mrs. Hopkins has ice cream at her residence every Sunday.

THANKS.—To Bodie Miners' Union for a complimentary ticket to their annual Fourth of July Ball.

THE CHRONICLE-UNION flag is at half-mast to-day out of respect to the memory of the late Senator Stanford.

EVERYBODY is invited to visit Bridgeport on the Fourth.

Mrs. Ann Summers will have ice cream at her parlors on Sunday.

STANFORD DEAD.

Last night's mail brought the sad news of the death of California's greatest citizen, Senator Leland Stanford died about midnight Tuesday at his home in Palo Alto.—He had taken a ride around his farm on Tuesday afternoon, and returned late, in apparently good health. He retired at 10 o'clock and at 12 o'clock his valet entered his room and found him dead. Every true Californian will be saddened as the news of the death of the great philanthropist reaches him. Hampers no eulogy. He was truly a great and good man, and the great institute at Palo Alto will be an everlasting monument of his greatness, and goodness of heart. His funeral takes place to-day at Palo Alto, where his son is resting in the family tomb.

Carson has subscribed for sufficient stock to insure a Keeley Cure establishment in that city. It is needed bad enough there.

COMPLETELY UPROOTED.

How many remedies there are which merely relieve without uprooting disease. The contrast with sterling medicines which such palliatives afford, not only enhances the dignity of the former, but serves to emphasize the folly of employing half way measures when thorough ones are available. A marked instance of this is the effect, on the one hand, of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters in case of chills and fever and bilious remittent, and on the other of ordinary remedies in maladies of this type. By the Bitters, malarial complaint in every stage and of the most malignant type, are completely conquered and lose their hold upon the system. They are rarely, if ever, dislodged by the ordinary resources of medicine, although their symptoms may unquestionably be mitigated through such means. The same holds good of indigestion, biliousness, kidney complaint, rheumatism, nervousness and debility. For the Bitters they are cured when many remedies fail.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

A cream of tartar baking powder.

Highest of all in leavening strength.—LATEST UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT FOOD REPORT.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., mh12-1y 106 Wall St., N. Y.

AMUSING SIGNS AND ADS.

"PHYSIOGNOMICAL HAIRCUTTING" is the announcement of a Boston barber who is a little more than up to date in his methods. One's hair and beard are trimmed by him to suit the features.

THE sign over a Boston store reading: "Pickles and New York Sunday Papers" is outclassed by one recently discovered in a Georgia village which advertises "Ax Handles, Ink, Pens and Cheese."

SOME years ago in Vermont a widower who lost a little girl had the following epitaph placed on her tombstone: "Go sleep with ma, Alminy S. Soon pa will come and sleep with thee." Since then, however, he has buried three wives and is healthy yet.

THE following advertisement appeared recently in the London Morning Post: "A lonely gentlewoman, tired of adverse fate, capable of enjoying life, desires to be adopted by wealthy couple or old gentleman. She is cultured, of good appearance; would prove a trusty and agreeable companion, etc., etc."

IN a side street of an Italian town a sign hanging in front of a physician's office reads in part as follows: "The said Prof. Ricca will use for his salves in making them live snakes and large serpents, wolves, bears, monkeys, marmots, weasels and numerous other wild animals alive and in good condition."

ON SCIENTIFIC SUBJECTS.

THE higher the barometer the less a man weighs; the lower the barometer the smaller he feels.

THE calculation of the astronomer Bailey proved that the weight of the earth is 6,049,836,000,000,000 tons.

IN a human body there are about 203 bones. The muscles are about 500 in number. The length of the alimentary canal is about 32 feet.

AN excellent method for waterproofing the surface of a wall is to cover it with solution of soap. After twenty-four hours a coat of lime solution is applied. This process is repeated several times, and is claimed to make the wall perfectly watertight.

IT is popularly supposed that it is civilization that increases and aggravates nervous diseases, but Dr. Brinton says it diminishes them. Among the lowest African races, which might be supposed to be devoid of nerves, he found such diseases very common.

IF the sun were all coal, and that of the best quality, the entire mass, if emitting the heat now sent forth, would be burned up in less than 6,000 years. Nevertheless, astronomers tell us that the sun may be depended upon for a few millions of years in the future.

ART ETCHINGS.

TWENTY-FIVE pictures by modern French painters, now exhibited at the St. Botolph club, Boston, are insured for $248,000.

A CAST of Phillips Brooks' face was obtained by the sculptor Bartlett immediately after his death, and it is said that its resemblance to the original is excellent.

M. MUNKACSY is at work in his Neuilly studio on a picture of such dimensions that the canvas has to be raised and lowered by a machine for the purpose. It is thirteen feet high and forty-five wide.

SIR GEORGE READ, president of the Royal Scottish academy, says Whistler's portraits attract because of their shadowy nature. "They are not people," he says, "but ghosts." The impressionist always did claim that he infused spirit into his work.

ACCORDING to the last report of the science and art department of the British government there were under its auspices in 1891 207 art schools, with 47,816 students; 1,043 art classes, with 52,715 students, and 6,213 elementary schools, at which 1,170,340 children and pupil teachers are taught drawing.

FOREIGN PEOPLE AND EVENTS.

WEST INDIAN people eat alligator eggs.

IT is estimated that about 200,000 pedestrians and 20,000 vehicles cross the London bridge every.

A CAUTION has been issued by the authorities of Berlin against Hamburg factory butter, which contains from 18¼ to 19¾ per cent. of water.

AMONG several semi-civilized tribes the women do all the courting, and among the Zuni Indians they control the situation after marriage, as the children, inheritance, etc., belong to the wife.

WITH nothing but a jackknife, Adolph Sjohrim, a Marquette Swede, has constructed the frame of a clock representing an ancient castle. He used various kinds of wood and worked on the job for two years.

FOR 200 years the paper from which Bank of England notes are made has been manufactured at Laverstoke in Hampshire.

SEVEN HUNDRED tons of butter arrived in London in one shipment from Australia some weeks ago. Its total value was about $68,000.

Lizzie Borden, tried this week at New Bedford, Mass., for the murder of her father and step-mother, was acquitted on Tuesday. This has been one of the most sensational cases ever tried in New England, and the young woman has had the sympathy of the country in her troubles.

Sontag and Evans are seemingly—we say seemingly—to be spared to grace the end of a rope, but what really will be the case, should they recover, the Superior and Supreme Courts can only say, unless the people of Fresno and Tulare form a higher Court from which there will be no appeal.

The trial of the case of James Gardner vs. Mrs. Hoye, of Wellington, for defamation of character, Gardner suing for $15,000 damages, resulted in a verdict for Mrs. Hoye.

The University Bank and the City Savings Bank of Los Angeles, have failed. It is stated that the depositors in the latter will be paid in full.

Independence horses are eating new alfalfa hay, which is delivered, loose, at $6 a ton.

There are 523 Indians on the Walker River Reservation.

BIRTH.

COYLE—In Bridgeport, June 18th, to the wife of Thomas F. Coyle, a son.

MARRIAGES.

COMBS—SUMMERS—In Carson, June 20th, S. L. Combs to Laura B. Summers, of Bridgeport.

RICKEY—CROWELL—In Vacaville, June 14, Thomas B. Rickey, of Carson, to Mrs. Alice B. Crowell, of the former place.

DEATHS.

CROWELL—In Bridgeport, June 22d, John F. Crowell, a native of New York, aged 61 years.

PERKINS—In Modesto, June 19th, Isaac Perkins, father of Mrs. Charles H. Tillson and Warren S., of Modesto; Edmund C., of San Lorenzo; and brother-in-law of Mrs. E. M. Folger, of Bridgeport; a native of Massachusetts and a Pioneer of '49, aged 76 years.

1776. 1893.

The Citizens of BRIDGEPORT WILL CELEBRATE THE FOURTH OF JULY.

OFFICERS OF THE DAY

J. D. Murphey,	President.
R. L. McCarty,	Orator.
Chas. L. Hayes,	Reader.
Miss Ella Hughes,	Poetess.
Miss Ella Cody,	Recitation.

A PROCESSION,

M. P. Hays, Grand Marshal.

LITERARY EXERCISES, VOCAL and INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC, AT BRYANT'S HALL.

PROGRAM.

Introductory remarks by the President
Red, White and Blue—by Band,
America—the Choir.
Declaration of Independence.
Song.....Choir.
Recitation, "Liberty's Bell,"
Miss Ella Hughes.
Hail Columbia—by Band.
Oration.
Song.....Choir.
Recitation, Miss Ella Cody.
Yankee Doodle—by Band.

BASEBALL GAME,
Bridgeport and Bodie Clubs,
$50.

SPORTS.

Men's Race, free for all, 100 yards, $5.
Boys' Race, 12 years or under, $2 and $1.
Girls' Race, " " " $2 and $1.
Egg Race for Ladies, $2 50 and $1 50.
Tug of War, Married and Single Men, $5.
Plate Race, $2.
Climbing Greased Pole, $4.
Point at Target, boys under 12, $2.
And other Sports.

HORRIBLES.

Sunrise—Federal salute, 13 guns.
Sunset—National salute, 44 guns.
Ringing of bells—sunrise, noon and sunset

GRAND BALL AT BRYANT'S HALL.

COMMITTEES:

FLOOR.
(Red Rosette).
Daniel Smith, Geo. Kirkwood, B. T. Barnes, Francis Hughes, Wesley Stewart, Jos. Sparks.

RECEPTION.
(Blue Rosette).
J. D. Murphey, R. L. Simmons, Wm. Hughes, Samuel Smith, Stewart Kirkwood, Emery Kirkwood.

FLOOR DIRECTOR.
(White Rosette).
William Butler.

GRAND MARCH—8.30 P. M.

Supper at Allen House.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A FRESH AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST OF GOODS AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

D. HAYS & BRO.

CHEAP CASH STORE

AT THE POSTOFFICE BUILDING, BRIDGEPORT.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS REDUCED TO BEDROCK PRICES.

A. F. BRYANT.

JOE A. BROWN,

General Merchandise,

Main Street, Bridgeport.

Choice Family Groceries,

Fancy and Toilet Articles,

Candies and Nuts,

Yankee Notions,

Powder, Shot, Caps and Cartridges,

Stationery, etc., etc.

PRESIDENT'S PRESENTS.

Queer Things That Have Been Sent to the Chief Executive.

Enough Animals and Odds and Ends to Stock a Large Museum—A Trying Ordeal to Undergo.

If Mr. Cleveland takes to his home, says the New York Times, all the presents of one description and another which have been sent to him since last November he will have a museum that will be worth going miles to see. His admiring fellow-citizens from one end of the country to the other have been showing their devotion to him by sending [illegible] of remembrances.

If it had been Christmas eve every night since November 8, and his stocking had been hung up every time, it would have been stuffed more than full every morning. He has received almost everything from live stock to jewelry, and the accumulation is something which gets a considerable figure when the question of moving is under consideration.

Many, in fact most, of these gifts have come from persons whom he does not know. Some of them are of no earthly use, and some which might be useful if he were the owner of a dime museum or the proprietor of a stock farm would be out of place in the white house or its spacious grounds about it.

Somebody in Michigan showed his devotion to the president by sending him a deer about two months ago. It was in a healthy condition and had an appetite that was something enormous. No one knows just what the sender thought Mr. Cleveland was to do with the animal or why he would appreciate such a gift. It came by express to this city, and, as his residence was not built for the accommodation of such animals, it was forwarded to his country place at Buzzard's Bay. Soon after the deer there came from a distant state a large rooster that crowed incessantly.

It was a good enough rooster as roosters go, but was not interesting enough to be classed as a curiosity or useful enough to pay for his "board and keep." As a symbol of victory, he did the best that his lungs and large experience could do, and at unseemly hours in the morning has been proclaiming to a large section of Lakewood township, [illegible] and is enjoying life immensely.

Some one sent to the president a live raccoon about six weeks ago, and this, though not considered intrinsically of value, is said by "old inhabitants" to be a proper present for a president. It is said, too, that had not some one sent a live raccoon to Mr. Cleveland the precedents of a hundred years would have been broken. Ex-President Harrison received more than one, and it is said that since the early days hardly a president has been chosen who has not been the recipient of one or more live animals. As a gift to the president the raccoon is said to stand at the head of the animal kingdom, with the opposum a good second.

It was in June of last year that Mr. Harrison received his last installment of opposum, when an admirer from Virginia sent him a pair, a few days after his nomination at Minneapolis.

The gold-headed cane has been a favorite with those who have desired to send to Mr. Cleveland a token of esteem. His rack is filled with them, and [illegible] are not gold-headed. Canes from the old home of Thomas Jefferson are among the number; canes of hickory from men who cast their first vote for "Old Hickory" Jackson and their last for Mr. Cleveland have come in such numbers as to indicate that there must be nearly a quorum of the old Jacksonian democrats still on earth. The supply of this article which Mr. Cleveland has on hand would go a long way toward supplying the [illegible] annual rushes in American colleges next fall if it were distributed.

A great many people who say they voted for him have apparently thought Mr. Cleveland would be interested to know how they look. As a consequence he has a large collection of photographs. They show the voter in all stages, from the stripling of twenty-one to the patriarch of fourscore. They show him in profile and from a square front elevation. They show him in broadcloth and in homespun. Some of the photographs are of men, apparently, who resolved in Lincoln's time not to shave, again until a democrat was elected president and who had lost their razors eight years ago. Some have sent two photographs, one showing them with a clean-shaven face and one with a beard. Explanatory notes have accompanied some of these photographs which have depicted a degree of joy at the election of Mr. Cleveland which the camera has failed to reveal. Some of these photographs indicate a hungry gleam in the eye, which, taken with the general contour of the head, is entirely inconsistent with the spirit of civil-service reform as enunciated and practiced by Mr. Cleveland.

Some look as if the original had had his eye strained at, a fourth-class postmaster's job so long as to have impaired the sight permanently.

Many persons have attempted to secure some free and widespread advertising for a business [illegible] by making gifts to Mr. Cleveland. These are dealers in hats and other articles who recognize that a note of acceptance would be valuable. These articles have been returned in some instances.

The presents which have come to Mr. Cleveland have included slippers enough to last him the balance of his life if he saw fit to use them, elaborate pieces of fancy embroidery made by women who have taken great pains with them, and curious pieces of bric-a-brac. They are of little value, for every one seems to have respected Mr. Cleveland's policy of never accepting presents which would [illegible] put him under personal obligations to the donors. They are taken as indications of a kindly feeling in the hearts of the people, which cannot be other than pleasing.

MODERN MAXIMS.

Sometimes and Witty Sayings by a Celebrated Writer.

"It is part of the sage to make maxims. I have for some time suspected that I have arrived at the period of life when the sage is at his best, and I have now therefore tried my hand at a few useful maxims. Here they are—a mixed and miscellaneous lot. Of course, the sage at this time must be cynical in order to be popular. I hope some of these are cynical enough. Those on riches seem—to a partial parent—to be maxims really worthy of the most eastern—the most Himalayan—of sages.

"Out of ten men nine are born to work for the tenth. Resolve to be the tenth.

"Without trampling the cleverest cannot get rich.

"Dives is never an example, because nobody considers himself really rich.

"If you cannot become rich, remember the many miseries of the rich.

"The consolation of those who fail is to depreciate those who succeed.

"Hope to [illegible]

"The greatest things are done by the greatest fools.

"Wise men never attempt anything.

"When you lose a leg begin at once to practice with a wooden one.

"Men's motives are mercifully hidden by their shirt fronts.

"Observe moderation in all things—especially in virtues.

"The best way to make a man honest is to make him ashamed of being found out.

"There may be pride even in confessing mistakes.

"Everybody says that gentle birth is an accident, and everybody treats it as an achievement.

"The most charming attribute of friendship is the right of candor.

"Cheerfulness may be an admirable cloak."—Walter Besant, in London Queen.

His Appearance Was Timely.

"May I ask you, madam," inquired the gentlemanly caller at the front door, removing his hat, "if there has been a large and successful cooking school in this neighborhood for some weeks?"

"There has," replied the lady.

"Some member of your family has been in attendance, perhaps," he ventured.

"Yes. Two of my daughters attend it."

"Ah!" rejoined the caller, pleasantly. "A good cooking school is one of the adjuncts of an advanced civilization. I am always interested to notice the advance of a community in the knowledge of the gentle arts and sciences that go to make up the sum of human happiness. But I have allowed myself to forget the business upon which I have ventured to call," he continued, briskly, opening a small valise. "I am introducing a small but comprehensive work, entitled: 'The Horrible Curse of Dyspepsia and Indigestion; How Cured and How Removed.' The price is only seventy-five cents, and I can assure you, madam—Thanks. Good morning!"—Chicago Tribune.

Each to His Own.

The story is told that the late R. B. Hayes had for a neighbor in Ohio a testy old fellow who ran a small truck farm. He was honest and upright and Mr. Hayes held him in high esteem, notwithstanding his lack of social amenities and respect for persons. On one of his visits to Ohio during the presidency, he passed the old man's farm and found him planting potatoes in a patch near the road. The president, being somewhat of a farmer himself, noticed some peculiarity in his neighbor's style of planting, and after a few minutes' chat he called his attention to it, and the old man argued the point awhile.

"After all," concluded the president, "I don't think you are doing it as it should be done for the best results."

The old farmer rested his arm on the fence and looked steadily at Mr. Hayes. "They ain't neither one of us," he said, "above havin' fault found with us; but of you jest go on presidentin' the United States your way, an' I go on plantin' pertaters my way, I guess we won't be no wuss off in the end."

Mr. Hayes accepted the suggestion pleasantly and passed on.—Boston Traveller.

Beans and Brains.

One day during the period when Henry Cabot Lodge—now Senator Lodge—was a member of the house, a countryman and his wife were watching the proceedings on the floor from the gallery, one of the features being a speech by Mr. L. The old fellow had his eye on Mr. Lodge in evident admiration, and at last he turned to the man next to him for information.

"Who is that down there in the aisle talking to the boys?" he asked.

"Congressman Lodge," was the reply.

"Where's he from?"

"Massachusetts—Boston."

"Boston, did you say?" queried the countryman.

"Yes, Boston."

The old chap turned to his wife, who had been listening.

"There, Mary," he exclaimed, "just see what beans and brains will do for a man that ain't half as big as a haystack."—Boston Traveller.

Indigestion and Immorality.

The possibility of a relation between dyspepsia [illegible] is not a new conception. But the idea is one which is altogether too little considered in most of the work undertaken for the reformation of the criminal classes of our great cities. The [illegible] sent poor Servetus to the stake while in a fit of indigestion. Carlyle's misanthropy has been very correctly traced to his dyspepsia. Washington Irving tells of a certain emir ("Lives of the Caliphs") named Al Hejari, who had suffered for many years from abdominal pains due to dyspepsia, and who is distinguished as having been one of the most cruel rulers the world has ever [illegible]. He left fifty thousand persons in prison when he died, and during his life had caused the death of one hundred and twenty thousand persons, not counting those who fell in battles of his instigation.—Good Health.

WOMAN'S NOTIONS.

AT a recent military wedding in Washington the bride wore to church a half-dozen yellow garters, which upon the return of the party to the house where the breakfast was served were distributed among the bridesmaids.

ORCHID tea is a Parisian drink offered at informal five o'clock teas. It is brewed from the leaves and stems of the plant, and is said to possess a very delicate flavor. As it must come high, it may be well not to encourage its use at a crush "tea," say, of five hundred persons.

SEVERAL observant ladies have discovered that vegetarians have clear complexions, and have either renounced the use of meat entirely or partake of it sparingly. Lady Paget, wife of the British embassador at the Austrian court, is one of the recent converts to vegetarianism.

IF you don't have a small, graceful, interwining monogram on your notepaper, being sure to miss it on the envelope, it is form to have the address in the upper right-hand corner, engraved after the English way, "10 Sixtieth Street, West," or even the letters W. or E. following the street.

MRS. WILLIAM ASTOR'S fondness for flowers is well known among her intimates. "Lilies," she is quoted as saying, "are my favorites, and I would rather see them growing than pick and wear them. Somehow a flower loses its charm for me when its little life is cut off; it looks sad and sorry and seems to wilt in grief."

KITCHEN HELPS.

RAW BEEF CAKES.—Make the seasoned beef into little cakes about half an inch thick; grease the broiler slightly, and broil the cakes until they begin to change color.

INVALIDS' ICE CREAM.—One quart of cream, one-half pint of sugar, two teaspoonfuls of vanilla; the whites of two eggs beaten to a stiff froth and added when the cream is partially frozen.

APPLE AND TAPIOCA PUDDING.—Soak the tapioca over night; to one quart of water add one-half cupful of tapioca and four large apples chopped fine; place in double boiler and cook until clear.

APPLE AND OATMEAL PUDDING.—One and a half cupfuls of cold boiled oatmeal; add one cupful of sliced apples and half a teaspoonful of salt. Bake until the apples are done and serve with cream or sauce.

ECONOMIC JELLY.—When for any reason a large quantity of apple skins (especially red apple skins) and cores are on hand, put them in a saucepan of water and boil until all the juice is extracted; strain; to the water add equal parts of sugar and treat as for jellies. The result will be a revelation.—N. Y. Observer.

ECHOES FROM EUROPE.

IN small towns in Germany only chimney sweeps wear plug hats.

A LAW establishing a standard time over the whole of Germany passed the reichstag recently.

THERE are now 27 royal families in Europe, which have about 460 members. Of these 27 families 18 are German.

RECENT census investigations show that nine-tenths of the whole gypsy population of Europe are in Hungary.

IN one of the great Paris hospitals it was found that of eighty-three patients who suffered from epilepsy sixty were children of drunken parents.

THE net income of Denmark from its agriculture and dairy products exceeds $36,000,000. The exports of butter during the twelve months ending September 30, 1892, amounted to 92,325,000 pounds, while the value of eggs exported was over $1,500,000.

SOME persons profess to be able to guess approximately from what part of Italy a woman comes by the length of her earrings. Italian earrings lengthen as one goes southward, and in the extreme south of Italy the earrings of the women reach almost to the shoulders.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

NEW YORK CITY is to have a new city hall to be erected on the site of the present structure.

GERMAN boys are said to be the strongest in the world, Irish boys the wittiest, French boys the cleverest and American boys the brightest.

COLUMBUS brought eight hogs to this country on his second voyage, and from these, according to Las Casas, sprang the immense number in the Spanish settlements.

THE Japanese mikado's eldest son, Yoshi Hoti, who is coming to the world's fair, is not quite fourteen years old, but as precocious as an Occidental youth of eighteen.

THE aggregate of sentences imposed on criminals last year in New York City was 3,649 years, not including life sentences nor time served by 418 criminals sent to Elmira on indeterminate sentences.

SOME bridge builders who were sinking a caisson in the middle of the Missouri river at Bellefontaine discovered at the depth of one hundred and ten feet a human skull resting on a stratum of limestone. It is believed to be a relic of the glacial period.

LITERARY SMALL TALK.

DAUDET is said to be a great smoker and a very hard worker. He has been known to lock himself in his library and write for twenty-four consecutive hours.

EX-PRESIDENT HARRISON has written to a friend in Washington that he will soon begin work on his promised book, but that it will probably not be ready for the press within two years.

AMONG the books, drawings and other relics of Bayard Taylor, presented by his widow to the public library of Westchester, Pa., is the knapsack which the young traveler carried when he made his trip afoot through Europe.

DR. OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES is trying by a most methodical mode of life to see how much he can prolong his ripening years. Among other things he never rises in the morning until the temperature of his room is at just the right heat.

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Loaded wagon and two animals	1 00
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Horseman	25
Pack animals, each	25
Hogs and sheep, each	5
Loose stock, each	5
Empty teams, half-price.	

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE WAGON ROAD are as follows:

No deadheads will be permitted to pass on the road.

All tolls will be required to be paid at the time of passing the toll gates, as no credit is given

Buggy team	$1 50
Loaded wagon and two animals	1 00
Each additional pair of animals	50
Horseman	25
Pack Animals, each	25
Hogs and sheep, each	5
Loose stock, each	5
Empty teams half-price.	

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